NAME

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eqn - typeset mathematics
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SYNOPSIS
eqn [ file ] ...

## DESCRIPTION

Eqn is a troff(I) preprocessor for typesetting mathematics on the Graphics Systems, Inc. phototypesetter. Usage is almost always (e.g. for this page):
eqn file ... | troff

If no files are specified, eqn reads from the standard input. A line beginning with "EQ" marks the start of an equation; the end of an equation is marked by a line beginning with ".EN". Neither of these lines is altered or defined by eqn, so you can define them yourself in troff( $(\mathrm{I})$ to get centering, numbering, etc. All other lines are treated as comments, and passed through untouched.
Spaces, tabs, new-lines, braces, double quotes, tilde, and circumflex are the only delimiters. Braces " $[$ " " are used for grouping. Use tildes " " " to get extra spaces in an equation.
Subscripts and superscripts are produced with the keywords sub and sup: Thus $x$ sub $i$ makes $x_{i}$, a sub i sup 2 produces $a_{i}^{2}$, and $e$ sup $\{x \sup 2+y$ sup 2$\}$ gives $e^{x^{2}+y^{2}}$. Fractions are made with over: $a$ over $b$ is $\frac{a}{b}$ and $I$ over sqrt $\{a x \sup 2+b x+c\}$ is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{a x^{2}+b x+c}}$; sqrt makes squareroots:
The keywords from and to introduce lower and upper limits on arbitrary things (like lim, sum or int): $\lim _{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{0}^{n} x_{i}$ is made with lim from $\{n->$ inf\} sum from 0 to $n x$ sub i. Left and right brackets; braces, etc., of the right height are made with left and right: left $[x \sup 2+y \text { sup } 2 \text { over alpha right }]^{\sim}=\sim 1$ produces $\left[x^{2}+\frac{y^{2}}{\alpha}\right]=1$. The right clause is optional.
Vertical piles of things are made with pile, lpile, cpile, and rpile: pile $\left\{\begin{array}{ll}a & \text { above } b \text { above } c\}\end{array}\right\}$ produces $\begin{aligned} & a \\ & b\end{aligned}$.
There can be an arbitrary number of elements in a pile. Ipile left-justifies, pile and cpile center, with ${ }^{c}$ different vertical spacing, and rpile right justifies.
Diacritical marks are made with dot, dotdot, hat, bar: $x$ hat $=f(t)$ bar is $\hat{x}=\overline{f(t)}$. Default sizes and fonts can be changed with size $\mathbf{n}$ and roman, italic, and bold, respectively.
The following keywords and shorthand notations are recognized and translated appropriately: sum, int, $\inf ,>=,-,>,!=: \operatorname{sum}(\Sigma), \operatorname{int}\left(\int\right), \inf (\infty)$, and shorthands like $>=,(\geqslant),->,(\rightarrow),!=,(\neq)$ are recognized. Spell out Greek letters in the desired case, as in alpha, GAMMA. Mathematical words like sin, cos, log are made Roman automatically. Troff (I) four-character escapes like $\backslash$ (ua ( $\uparrow$ - for "up arrow") can be used anywhere. Strings enclosed in double quotes "..." are passed through untouched.

## FILES

man/man1/eqn. 1 for the raw text of this file /usr/lib/tmac.a for macros used to produce this page man/manmac for macros used to produce this page

SEE ALSO
Typesetting Mathematics - User's Guide (2nd Edition) by B. W. Kernighan and L. L. Cherry
New Graphic Symbols for EQN and NEQN by C. Scrocca
Nroffitroff User's Manual by J. F. Ossanna
troff(I), neqn (I)
BUGS
Undoubtedly. Watch out for small or large point sizes - it's tuned too well for size 10. Be cautious if inserting horizontal or vertical motions, and of backslashes in general.

